





# INTRODUCTION

With implementation of stringent manufacturing process, Asahi has developed a wide range of wires with diverse alloys and flux types to meet the varying requirements of specialised applications. SnCu0.7 (CLF5023) lead free no clean core flux solder wire is formulated using purest raw chemicals together with halide-free materials, which guarantees absolute flux core continuity and consistency in solder properties. It provides excellent instant wetting action and superior solderability on a variety of surface finishes.

### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Specifications	Specifications	Test Standards
Flux Content	3.0 +/- 0.5 wt%	Singapore Asahi
Density of Cored Flux @ 25°C	1.124	Singapore Asahi
Halide Content	0 wt%	IPC-TM-650 2.3.35B
		JIS Z 3197: 1999 8.1.4.2.2
Water Extract Resistivity	$>1.0 \times 10^4 \Omega$ -cm	JIS Z 3197: 1999 8.1.1
Surface Insulation Resistance	$>1.0 \times 10^8 \Omega$	IPC-TM-650 2.6.3.3
(Raw Flux)	$>1.0 \times 10^{11} \Omega$	JIS Z 3197: 1999 8.5.4
(85°C, 85 %RH, 1000hrs)		
Copper Corrosion Test	Pass	IPC-TM-650 2.6.15
		JIS Z 3197: 1999 8.4.1
Copper Mirror Test	Classified as "M", Pass	IPC-TM-650 2.3.32
		JIS Z 3197: 1999 8.4.2
Flux Activity Classification	ROM0	IPC J-STD-004A
Spread Factor	>80% (SnCu0.7)	JIS Z 3197: 1999 8.3.1.1
Residue Dryness Test	Dry	JIS Z3197: 1999 8.5.1
Residue Appearance	Transparent & Minimal	Visual

# **ALLOY SPECIFICATION**

Compo	sition	IPC J-STD-006B Specs (Wt%)		
Tin	Sn	Remainder		
Copper	Cu	0.7 +/- 0.1		
Contam	ination			
Silver	Ag	0.10 max		
Aluminium	Al	0.005 max		
Arsenic	As	0.03 max		
Gold	Au	0.05 max		
Bismuth	Bi	0.10 max		
Cadmium	Cd	0.002 max		
Iron	Fe	0.02 max		
Arsenic	In	0.10 max		
Nickel	Ni	0.01 max		
Lead	Pb	0.05 max		
Antimony	Sb	0.05 max		
Zinc	Zn	0.003 max		

# **PHYSICAL PROPERTIES**

	SnCu0.7
Melting Temperatures	227°C
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion	19.3 μm/m°C
Density	7.31 g/ml

# **MECHANICAL PROPERTIES**

	SnCu0.7	
Tensile Strength	44.35 MPa	
Yield Strength	37.31 MPa	
Young's Modulus	10.6 GPa	

# **APPLICATION**

SnCu0.7 (CLF5023) lead free no clean core flux solder wire is easy to use for automatic, manual, rework, point and brush soldering. For the best soldering results, the recommended parameters are shown:

Solder Iron Tips: All Types especially the tapered types

Soldering Temp: > 380 °C Soldering Time: > 380 °C = 1 - 3 secs

- Keep solder iron tips clean.
- Tinned iron tips before use.
- Wear gloves when soldering to avoid contaminating the wire.

(Note: Soldering parameters are dependent on tip type, soldering station wattage configuration, wire diameter and type of applications.)

# **PACKAGING**

SnCu0.7 (CLF5023) lead free no clean core flux solder wire is commonly available in various diameters such as 0.5, 0.6, 0.8, 1.0, 1.2, 1.6 and 2.0 mm. For different diameters, please specify your requirements.

Packaging	0.25kg	0.50kg	1.0kg
Diameter (mm)	0.5 to 2.0	0.5 to 2.0	0.8 to 2.0

### **RESIDUAL REMOVAL**

Since the residues are transparent, minimal, dry, non-tacky and practically inert after soldering, removal is usually not necessary. For assemblies that require cleaning, the residue of SnCu0.7 (CLF5023) lead free no clean core flux solder wire can be completely removed by any solvent type flux cleaner available in the market.

### SAFETY

Wear a chemical mask if the operators are allergic to the fumes released during soldering. For more information, please refer to Material Safety Data Sheet.

### **STORAGE**

Store the solder wire in a cool, dry environment. Wrap up the solder wire when not in use to reduce exposure to environment. SnCu0.7 (CLF5023) lead free no clean core flux solder wire can be kept for 2 years if proper storage conditions are observed.

### SINGAPORE ASAHI CHEMICAL & SOLDER INDUSTRIES PTE LTD

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### **TEST ANALYSIS**

Various tests were conducted to evaluate the performance and reliability of CLF5023 core flux.

## **HALIDE CONTENT**

This test is to determine the amount of halide present in the core flux.

# Method:

By titration method with end point determination. The % chlorides calculated based on the following formula:

### Result:

Halide Content = 0 wt%.

# **WATER EXTRACT RESISTIVITY**

This test measures the corrosiveness of the flux.

### Method:

- Take an amount of the flux containing solid portion equivalent to  $0.05 \pm 0.005g$  as the sample.
- Put the sample in a beaker with 50ml of purified water. Cover the beaker with a watch glass.
- Heat and boil it for about 5 mins, and further continue heating for about 1 min.
- Cool the beaker for about 10 secs at room temperature, then place beaker in a water bath of about 20°C to obtain the test solution, immediately measure the resistance of this water solution using a conductivity meter.

### Result:

The test results obtained is  $1.8 \times 10^5 \Omega$ -cm, which meets the minimum required specific resistance of  $1.0 \times 10^4 \Omega$ -cm.

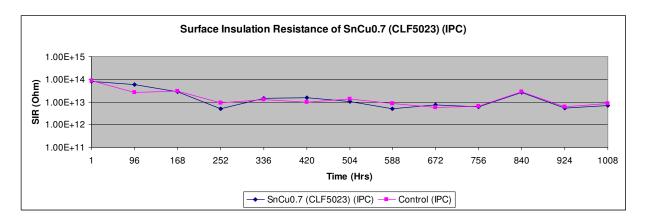
# **SURFACE INSULATION RESISTANCE**

It determines the surface insulation properties of the flux on the finished product. Thus, it determines the reliability of the residue if left on board without cleaning.

# Test Conditions (IPC-TM-650 2.6.3.3)

Humidity : 85 %RH
Temperature : 85°C
Duration : 1000hrs
Bias Voltage : +50V D.C.
Applied Voltage : -100V D.C.
Test Coupon : IPC-B-24

# **Result:**

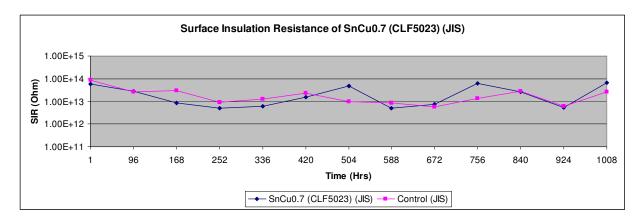


Surface Insulation Resistance:  $> 1 \times 10^{12} \Omega$ , passed.

# Test Conditions (JIS Z 3197: 1999 8.5.4)

Humidity : 85 %RH
Temperature : 85°C
Duration : 1000hrs
Bias Voltage : +50V D.C.
Applied Voltage : -100V D.C.
Test Coupon : JIS C 6480

# Result:



Surface Insulation Resistance:  $> 1 \times 10^{12} \Omega$ , passed.

# **COPPER CORROSION TEST**

Evaluate the existence of corrosion due to the flux residue after soldering under moisture.

# Method:

- Weigh 1 gram of solder and make into a coil with a 3mm mandrel.
- Place the cleaned copper coupon on the surface of solder bath set to 250°C.
- Let the specimen remain on the solder bath surface for 5 secs after solder fusing.
- Allow the specimen to cool for 15mins.
- Place the specimen in a humidifier set at 40°C, 90 %RH for 96hrs.
- Inspect the specimen for growth of corrosive compounds that are assumed to be green, bluish green or white.

### Result:

No drastic change in appearance of copper under the residue or at the flux boundary. CLF5023 has passed the corrosion test.

### **COPPER MIRROR TEST**

This test provides a visual check on the corrosive effect of the flux on the substrate.

# **Method:**

- Place one drop of test flux onto the copper mirror.
- Keep copper mirror at 23  $\pm$  2°C & 50  $\pm$  5 %RH for 24 hrs.
- Remove test flux by immersion in clean 2-propanol.

# Result:

The result showed that CLF5023 is classified as "M".

### **SPREAD TEST**

The purpose of this test is to measure the spread capability of the CLF5023 core flux.

# **Method:**

- Maintain hot plate temperature at 250°C.
- Place the solder wire (Ø3mm) on a copper coupon.
- Place the coupon on hot plate.
- Measure rate of spread with the formula below:

Rate of Spread =  $(D-H)/D \times 100\%$ where D =  $1.24 \times V^{1/3}$ V = Mass / Specific Gravity H = Height of Spread Solder

### Result:

The result showed that CLF5023 had a spread factor of 80% with SnCu0.7 solder.

# **RESIDUE DRYNESS TEST**

This test determines the tackiness of the residue after soldering.

# Method

- Place circular solid solder wire preform on Copper.
- Add 0.035 to 0.040g of solid portion of flux to center of wire preform.
- Set solder bath temperature at 50 +/2 °C above the alloy's liquidus temperature.
- After fusing of solder, leave it for 5 secs.
- Take the test piece out of the bath and cool it for 30 mins.
- Sprinkle powder talc onto the flux residue on the test piece.
- Brush the surface of the residue in the same direction twice and inspect test piece.

### Result:

Powder falls off test piece easily. The flux residue has passed the dryness test.

DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY

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